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We claim:

- 1 A fiber optic ring network node connected to a fiber 2 optic ring, comprising:
- a processor;
- an interface device coupled to the processor and to the fiber optic ring network; and
 - a storage device for storing computer instructions coupled to the processor, the computer instructions for prompting the processor to generate an overhead signal onto the fiber optic ring by way of the interface device whenever a failure condition occurs in an adjacent communication link within the fiber optic ring network wherein the failure is one that occurs at any one of a plurality of OSI protocol layers.
- 2. The node of claim 1 wherein the computer instructions 2 are formed to detect and cause the processor to generate the 3 overhead signal within fifteen milliseconds of the occurrence of 4 the failure condition.
- 3. The node of claim \(\) wherein the failure condition includes an OSI layer 1 communication link failure.
- 1 4. The node of claim 1 wherein the failure condition 2 includes an OSI layer 2 communication link failure.
- 5. The node of claim 1 wherein the failure condition includes an OSI layer 3 communication link condition.

- 1 6. The node of claim 5 wherein the communication link 2 condition includes traffic congestion exceeding a specified 3 threshold.
- 7. The node of claim 1 wherein the fiber optic ring network is a synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) network.
- 1 8. The node of claim 1 wherein the fiber optic ring
 2 network is a synchronous optical network (SONET).

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- 9. A fiber optic ring network node connected to a fiber optic ring, comprising:
- a processor;
- an interface device coupled to the processor and to the
- 5 fiber opt c ring network; and
 - a storage device for storing computer instructions coupled to the processor, the computer instructions for prompting the processor to provide path restoration for data packets affected by a communication link failure on a packet by packet basis within a specified period whenever a communication link failure occurs.
 - 10. The node of claim 9 wherein the fiber optic ring network is a synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) network.
- 1 11. The node of claim 10 wherein the computer instructions 2 determine a communication link failure has occurred by evaluating 3 an overhead signal that was received from another node on the 4 fiber optic ring network.
- 1 12. The node of claim 11 wherein the node provides path 2 restoration within a period that is no more than approximately 3 thirty five milliseconds after receiving the overhead signal.
- 1 13. The node of claim 9 wherein the fiber optic ring 2 network is a synchronous optical network (SONET).

- 1 14. The node of claim 13 wherein the computer instructions 2 determine a communication link failure has occurred by evaluating 3 a k1/k2 overhead signal that was received from another node on 4 the fiber optic ring network.
- 1 15. The node of claim 13 wherein the node provides path 2 restoration within a period that is no more than approximately 3 thirty five milliseconds after receiving the k1/k2 overhead 4 signal.
- 1 16. The node of claim 13 wherein the specified period is no 2 more than approximately fifty milliseconds.

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- A method in a fiber optic ring network node for 1 forwarding data packets on a packet by packet basis, the packets 2
- being received from another node on the fiber optic ring network, 3
- comprising: 4
- receiving a packet; 5
- examining a label value of the received data packet; 6
- determining a replacement label having a replacement label 7
- value; and 8
- forwarding the data packet in one of a plurality of paths in 9 the fiber optit ring network according to the replacement label
- 11 value.
 - The method of claim 17 further comprising the step of replacing a labe received in the header of the data packet with the replacement labe watue.
 - The method of claim 18 wherein the replacement label 1 defines a forwarding path route for the data packet. 2
 - The method of $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ laim 19 wherein the node forwards the 1 data packet according to the new path route information found in
 - the new label. 3
 - The method of claim 17 further including the step of 1 21.
 - determining to output the dat \hat{a} packet through a port to an 2
 - external device rather than to farward the received packet onto 3
 - the fiber optic ring network.

- 22. The method of claim 21 further comprising the step of converting the received data packet from a TDM format to an IP format.
- 23. The method of claim 21 further comprising the step of converting a plurality of received data packets from a TDM format to one IP packet having an IP format.
- The method of claim 21 wherein the step of determining to output the data packet to an external device includes the step of examining an output port address specified in the packet header.
- 25. The method of claim 21 wherein the step of determining to output the data packet to an external device includes the step of determining to output the data packet according to an entry in a forwarding table.

- 1 26. A method in a fiber optic ring network node for 2 forwarding data packets, comprising:
- 3 examining all communication links in the fiber optic ring
- 4 network that are adjacent to the node for OSI layer 1, layer 2
- 5 and layer eta types of conditions;
- determining if a specified failure condition has occurred on
- 7 any one of the adjacent communication links; and
- generating an error signal onto the fiber optic ring network
- 9 to inform all nodes on the fiber optic ring network of the
- 10 specified fail re condition.
- 1 27. The $\sqrt{\text{method}}$ of claim 26 wherein the adjacent
- 2 communication link having the failure condition is down stream on
- 3 the working path and further wherein the error signal is
 - 4 transmitted onto a protection path.
- 1 28. The method ϕ f claim 26 wherein the adjacent
- 2 communication link having the failure condition is up stream on
- 3 the working path and fuxther wherein the error signal is
- 4 transmitted onto a working path.

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29 A method in a fiber optic ring network node for routing 2 data packets serving as an ingress node for IP user traffic, 3 comprising:

updating a routing/forwarding table based upon a detected condition in the fiber optic ring network;

setting a label in a data packet being transmitted onto the fiber optic ring network, the label having a label value for defining a path route to cause the data packets to be routed on the protection path; and

forwarding the data packet.

- 30. The method of claim 29 further comprising the step of receiving a signal in a fiber optic network node identifying a condition in a communication link within the network.
- 31. The method of claim 29 further comprising the step of detecting the condition in an adjacent communication link of fiber optic network.

- 1 32. A method in a fiber optic ring network node for
- 2 receiving IP data packets from an external source and for
- 3 transporting the IP data packets in a converted form through a
- 4 fiber optic ring network; comprising:
- 5 redeiving the IP data packet;
- 6 converting the IP data packet to a form suitable for
- 7 transmitting it on the fiber optic ring network according to a
- 8 specified \protocol, the converted form including a data portion
- 9 and a header portion;
- adding \a path route indication in a label portion of the
- 11 header, the \backslash path route indication for indicating one of a
- 12 plurality of possible paths; and
- forwarding the data packet according to the path route
- 14 indication.
 - 1 33. The method of claim 32 further comprising the step of
 - 2 reflecting QoS parameters in the header portion of the data >
 - 3 packet.
 - 1 34. The method δf claim 32 further comprising the step
 - 2 determining whether and when to forward a data packet according
 - 3 to QoS and fiber optic ring network conditions.

- 35. A TDM signal formed to be transmitted on a packet by packet basis in a fiber optic ring network by a node, the signal comprising:
- a packet data portion for carrying user traffic data;
- an address portion for defining a destination address; and
- a label portion for carrying a label, the label including a
- 7 label value for specifying a path route for the packet on the
- 8 fiber opti¢ ring network.
- 36. The signal of claim 35 wherein the label value implicitly identifies a path route on a protection path.
- 37. The signal of claim 35 wherein the label value 2 implicitly identifies the bandwidth of the channel that is to 3 conduct the signal.
- 38. The signal of claim 35 wherein the label value implicitly identifies a QoS rating for the packet.
- 39. The signal of claim 35 wherein the label value implicitly identifies a priority rating for the packet wherein specified signal types from specified signal sources receive an automatic high level of priority in interference situations.

